

# Calculus Lecture Notes

Unit: An Introduction to Derivatives

Module: Some Special Derivatives

## The Derivative of the Square Root Function

### key concepts:

- The derivative of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$ .
- To find the instantaneous rate of change of an object at a specific time, substitute the time into the derivative of the position function.
- To find the time when an object is moving a particular speed, set the derivative equal to that speed and solve for the independent variable.

### Instantaneous rate of change

**Q** Suppose the bear's position (in feet) is given by  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  where  $x$  is in seconds. What is the instantaneous rate of change of the bear when  $x = 4$ ?

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} && \text{Finding the derivative} \\
 &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x + \Delta x} - \sqrt{x}}{\Delta x} \\
 &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x + \Delta x} - \sqrt{x}}{\Delta x} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{x + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x}} \right) && \text{Multiply numerator and denominator by the conjugate of the numerator.} \\
 &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x + \Delta x - x}{(\Delta x)(\sqrt{x + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x})} \\
 &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{\Delta x}}{(\cancel{\Delta x})(\sqrt{x + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x})} \\
 &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Evaluating the derivative

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} && \text{Plug into the derivative to find the instantaneous rate.} \\
 f'(4) &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

**A**  $f'(4) = \frac{1}{4}$  ft/sec 

To find the instantaneous rate of change given the position function, start by finding the derivative.

To find the derivative of the **square root function** you will have to multiply the numerator and the denominator by the conjugate of the numerator.

The derivative of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$ .

Evaluate the derivative at a specific time to find the instantaneous rate of change at that time.

### Follow-up questions

**Q<sub>1</sub>** When was the bear traveling at a rate of 2 ft/sec?

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 4$$

$$1 = 4\sqrt{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \sqrt{x}$$

**A<sub>1</sub>**  $x = \frac{1}{16}$  sec

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(4) = \frac{1}{4} \text{ ft/sec}$$

To find when an object is moving at a particular speed, set the derivative equal to that rate.

Solve the derivative for the independent variable.